## Claims

5

10

20

Claim 1. In an oscillating transmission, a ring gear mounted for rotation, means for oscillating said ring gear, actuating means for reversing rotation of said\ring gear from one direction to the other, contact means rotated by said ring gear to contact said actuating means to reverse rotation from one direction to the other, said contact means being two contact members, means mounting said two contact members for melative movement to vary the angle at which said actuating means is actuated, one contact member being mounted on said ring gear, means for mounting the other contact member for rotation, within said ring gear, connecting means connecting said other contact member to said ring gear for being driven thereby to contact said actuating means to reverse \rotation of said ring gear, said connecting means \disconnecting said other contact member from said ring gear when said other contact member is rotated to vary the angle between the other contact member and said one contact member.

claim 2. A combination as set forth in Claim 1 wherein said other contact member and said actuating means have a locking engagement when said ring gear drives said other contact member against said actuating means.

5

5

5

Claim 3. A combination as set forth in Claim 1 wherein said connecting means provides for movement between said other contact member and said ring gear when said other contact member is rotated with respect to said ring gear.

wherein said ring gear is fixedly mounted on a hollow shaft having an output end, a cap fixed on the output end, shaft means extending through said cap into said hollow shaft engaging said means for mounting the other contact member for rotation within said ring gear to rotate said other contact member.

Claim 5. A combination as set forth in Claim 4 wherein said cap has a top surface thereon, said top surface having indicia indicating the angular movement of said cap, an arrowhead on said top surface indicates one end of said angular movement while the end of said shaft means which extends through said cap member has an arrowhead for indicating the other end of said angular movement.

Claim 6. A combination as set forth in Claim 4 wherein said shaft means includes an interconnecting member having a torque limiting connection with said means for mounting the other contact member for rotation within said ring gear.

wherein said ring gear has an inner cylindrical surface, serration means positioned around said inner cylindrical surface, said other contact member comprising a radial projection means extending from said means for mounting the other contact member, said connecting means comprising a pointer on said radial projection engaging a serration of said serration means, movement of said ring gear in one direction driving said radial projection to contact said actuating means.

47

5

5

9

Claim 8. A combination as set forth in Claim 7 wherein said pointer is movable over said serrations from one to the other when said other contact member is rotated to vary the angle.

10

Claim 7. A combination as set forth in Claim 7 wherein said radial projection and said actuating means have mating surfaces which maintain said pointer in its cooperating serration when said ring gear is driving said radial projection to contact said actuating means.

a

wherein said means for mounting the other contact member for rotation within said ring gear comprises a cylindrical member, said ring gear being fixedly mounted on a hollow shaft having an output end, said cylindrical member being mounted for rotation with said hollow shaft.

/ !

5

5

Claim 11. A combination as set forth in Claim 10 wherein said cylindrical member extends through said hollow shaft out of said output end, means for turning said cylindrical member to rotate said other contact member.

Claim 12. A combination as set forth in Claim 11 wherein the end of said cylindrical member extending out of said output end of said hollow shaft is closed, said cylindrical member having a nozzle opening therein, means for directing a liquid through said cylindrical member to said nozzle opening.

wherein said ring gear is fixedly mounted on a hollow shaft having an output end, a cap fixed on the output end, said cap having a nozzle opening therein, means for directing liquid through said hollow shaft to said nozzle opening.

Claim 14. A combination as set forth in Claim 1 having second connecting means connecting said other contact member to said ring gear for being driven thereby to contact said actuating means to reverse rotation of said ring gear, said second connecting means disconnecting said other contact member from said ring gear when said other contact member is rotated to vary the angle between the other contact member and said one contact member.

4.8

An oscillating transmission comprising; an input shaft means; an output gear means; a pivoted gear cage having two drive gear means thereon, a first clockwise drive gear means and a second counter-clockwise drive gear means for alternate driving engagement with said output gear means to oscillate it; said input shaft means having a gear driving said two drive gear means, said pivoted gear cage being pivotally mounted so that in one position said first clockwise drive gear means drivingly engages said output gear means and in a second position said second counter-clockwise drive gear means drivingly engages said output gear means; a first overcenter spring means for biasing said gear cage to bias one of said drive gear means or the other into driving engagement with said output gear means on either side of a first intermediate position between said driving engagement positions of said drive gear means; toggle means mounted for movement relative to said gear cage between a cooperating first and second limit means on said gear cage, said toggle means including second overcenter spring means for biasing said toggle means against said first or second limit means on said gear cage on either side of a second intermediate position; said first limit means, when biased by said second overcenter spring means

4950

5

10

20

through said toggle means, biasing one of said drive gear means of said gear cage into driving engagement with said output gear means along with said first overcenter spring means for rotating said output gear means in one direction; said second limit means, when biased by said second overcenter spring means through said toggle means, biasing the other of said drive gear means of said gear cage into driving engagement with said output gear means along with said first overcenter spring means for rotating said output gear means in the other direction; actuating means on said toggle means; said output gear means having contact means to contact said actuating means to move said toggle means in one direction over said second intermediate position where the second overcenter spring means will bias said toggle means to its cooperating limit means and then bias the gear cage against the bias of said first overcenter spring means; when the gear cage is moved over said first intermediate position the first overcenter spring means will join the second overcenter spring means and bias said gear cage to driving engagement changing the direction of rotation of said output gear means whereby said contact means of said output gear means will contact said actuating means on said toggle means and move said toggle means in the other direction over

5051

5

10

15

20

said second intermediate position where the second overcenter spring means will bias said toggle means to its other cooperating limit means and then bias the gear cage against the bias of said first overcenter spring means; when the gear cage is moved over said first intermediate position the first overcenter spring means will join the second overcenter spring means will join the second overcenter spring means and bias said gear cage to driving engagement changing the direction of rotation of said output gear means.

Claim 16. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 15 wherein said actuating means on said toggle means includes a first actuating contact surface and a second actuating contact surface, said contact means includes a first contact means extending from said output gear means for engaging said second actuating contact surface to move said toggle means in one direction and a second contact means connected to said output gear means for engaging said first actuating contact surface to move said toggle means in the other direction, said first and second contact means being positionable to provide a desired angle of oscillation.

5/50

5

10

5

Claim 17. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 16 wherein one of said contact means is adjustable to vary the angle of oscillation.

Claim 28. An oscillating transmission as set 20 forth in Claim 25 wherein said transmission has a base member, said input shaft means extending through said base member, said gear cage being pivoted around said input shaft means, a projection extending downwardly from the pivoting end of said gear cage for passing through said first intermediate position as said gear cage moves between said driving engagement positions of said drive gear means, a recess formed in said base member under the pivoting end of said gear cage to receive said projection, said recess being sized to permit said projection to swing as the gear cage pivots, first overcenter spring means in said recess for biasing said projection to bias one of said drive gear means or the other into driving engagement with said output gear means.

Claim 19. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 17 including means for mounting said second contact means for relative rotation with said output gear means to vary the angle between said first contact means and said second contact means.

52 53

5

10

15

forth in Claim 19 wherein said second contact means and said first actuating contact surface have a locking engagement when said output gear means drives said second contact means against said first actuating contact means against said first actuating contact surface.

Claim 21. In combination in a transmission, a hollow output shaft having a radial flange with an annular flange extending downwardly therefrom, an internal ring gear formed around the inner surface of said annular flange, serrations formed around the inner surface of said annular flange between said radial flange and said internal ring gear, gear means engaging said internal ring gear for rotating said hollow output shaft in one direction and then in the other direction for oscillation, a toggle device means for changing the direction of rotation of said hollow output shaft at each end of a predetermined angle, said toggle device means having actuating means to move said toggle device means in one direction or the other, means for mounting a cylindrical member for relative concentric rotation with said hollow output shaft, said cylindrical member having one end extending into said annular flange and the other end extending downwardly

5354

10

therefrom, a plurality of longitudinal grooves extending along the length of the interior of said cylindrical member, said one end of said cylindrical member having a first radial projection for contacting said actuating means and moving it in one direction, said radial projection having a pointer engaging one of said serrations, a second projection extending from the end of said annular flange for contacting said actuating means and moving it in the other direction, a connector means connecting said inner surface of said hollow output shaft to the interior of said cylindrical member, said connector means having a centerbody with long vanes projecting radially therefrom for engaging said longitudinal grooves, and means for rotating said connector means which in turn moves said cylindrical member through said long vanes overriding said serrations to vary the angle between the first radial projection and second projection.

Claim 22. A combination as set forth in Claim 21 including second serrations formed around the inner surface of said hollow output shaft, said connector means having short vanes projecting from said centerbody for engaging said second serrations.

5455

5

10

15

Claim 23. A combination as set forth in Claim 21 wherein said hollow output shaft has an outer drive portion for oscillation, said drive portion having an outer cap member fixed thereto, said means for rotating said connector means including a shaft with one end connected to said connector means while the other end extends through said outer cap member for actuation.

Claim 24. A combination as set forth in Claim 23 wherein said outer cap has a top surface thereon, said top surface having indicia indicating the angular movement of said outer cap, an arrowhead on said top surface indicates one end of said angular movement while the end of said shaft which extends through said outer dap member has an arrowhead for indicating the other end of said angular movement.

31

26 Claim 25. A combination as set forth in Claim 21 wherein said long vanes are formed to permit said vanes to bend out of said longitudinal grooves at a predetermined torque to prevent breakage while varying the angle between the first radial projection and second projection.

5

Claim 26. A combination as set forth in Claim 23 wherein said output cap member has a nozzle positioned therein for directing a liquid radially therefrom, means for directing a liquid through said cylindrical member and said hollow output shaft into said output cap member.

DLES

5

10

an output gear, a gear cage with two drive gears, a first drive gear and a second drive gear for alternate driving engagement with said output gear to oscillate it, means mounting said gear cage for movement, means for moving said gear cage in one direction to drivingly engage said first drive gear with said output gear or in the other direction to drivingly engage said second drive gear with said output gear first means for biasing said gear cage in one direction or the other direction, second means for biasing said gear cage in one direction to maintain said first drive gear in driving engagement when said first means for biasing has

15 been removed.

Claim 28. A combination as set forth in Claim 27 wherein said second means is for biasing said gear cage in the other direction to maintain said second drive gear in driving engagement when said first means for biasing has been removed.

Claim 29. A combination as set forth in Claim 29 including said second means biasing said gear cage in one direction for a predetermined portion of the movement of said first biasing means from said gear cage.

Claim 36. A combination as set forth in Claim 27 including a downward projection on said gear cage having a surface on which said second biasing means acts, said surface being contoured to vary the effect of the second biasing means.

Claim 31. A combination as set forth in Claim 27 wherein said gear cage is mounted for an angular movement between driving engagement of said first drive gear and said second drive gear, said first biasing means biasing said gear cage in one direction for one portion of said angular movement and biasing said gear cage in the other direction for another portion of said angular movement, means for removing the biasing of said first biasing means from said gear cage in one direction for reversing movement of said output gear, said second means for biasing said gear cage in one direction maintaining said gear cage biased in said one direction until said first biasing means is biasing said gear cage in said gear cage in said gear cage in said gear cage in said second direction.

a

5

5

10

57.58

an output gear, a gear cage with two drive gears, a first drive gear and a second drive gear for alternate driving engagement with said output gear to oscillate it, said first and second drive gears both being in engagement with said output gear, an idler gear in engagement with said first drive gear, said second gear and said idler gear being spaced apart, an input gear located between said second gear and said idler gear cage being mounted for pivotal movement, means for pivoting said gear cage to bring said second gear into engagement with said input gear to drive said output gear in one direction or the other.

Claim 33. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 32 having a toggle device mounted adjacent said gear cage for reversing its movement, said gear cage and toggle device being mounted for pivotal movement about the same axis.

Claim 34. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 33 having a base member with an upstanding center cylindrical member, said gear cage and toggle device being mounted for pivotal movement on said center cylindrical member.

cu

10

5

-

Claim 35. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 33 having a base member, said toggle device being adjacent said base member, stop means being located between said toggle device and base member for limiting movement therebetween.

Claim 36. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 32 including means for limiting the engagement of said input gear and said second gear to prevent an excessive operating force between the gears.

Claim 37. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 33 including an input shaft, said input gear being mounted on said input shaft, a sleeve around said input shaft, said gear cage having stop means thereon, said gear cage stop means being positioned to engage said sleeve to limit engagement of said second gear or idler gear with said input gear.

Claim 38. An oscillating transmission as set forth in Claim 34 wherein said toggle device has over-center spring means for biasing said toggle device in one direction or the other, said spring means acting between said center cylindrical member and said toggle

device.

5

5

5

all ag